

Urban sustainability mission

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Urban sustainability

- Over 50% of the world's population lives in urban areas
- Predicted to increase to more than two-third by 2050
- The advance of urbanization has coincided with global land degradation
- Rapid urbanization increasing pressure on the natural environment and causing loss in biodiversity







The importance of urban areas increasing

- Urbanization creates convenience, better housing and jobs
- Urban economies perform better than rural ones.
- Better education, entertainment, social life and healthcare
- More Security and police availability
- More tourist attractions and shopping places

Important challenge: sustaining the development of economy and infrastructure but at the same time sustaining a liveable environment in the cities





What are urban green spaces?

- Urban parks and meadows
- Roadsides and vegetation barriers along rail tracks
- Small gardens, pocket-parks and playgrounds
- Green roofs and facades
- Coastal, riverside and lakeside trails
- Recreational and urban gardening facilities
- Urban woodlands, forests and wildlife areas



Photo source: WHO



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Why are these areas important?

- Important recreation areas (especially in pandemic situation)
- Have an aesthetic value and improve social cohesion.
- Forms and integral part of our cultural heritage
- Help to mitigate air pollution (dust and smog) and decrease runoff waters and mitigate temperature extremities.
- They can act as stepping stones or green corridors for sustaining wild flora and fauna







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Direct benefits of urban greenspaces

- City improvements can be more "eco-friendly"
- Urban greenspaces successfully weave together the needs of diverse groups of people and wildlife
- Helps to reconnect urban people with nature, which leads to additional benefits including health effects and social well-being
- Can be a tool of environmental education: help people to value nature and understand its functioning







Urban sustainability – organised events

- The 2nd Hungarian Urban Ecological Conference was held on October 14 and 15, 2021, at the Management Campus of Széchenyi István University in Győr, Hungary. Opening plenary of Dr Valentin Klaus (ETH Zurich) with the title: "Using the Biodiversity Potential of Urban Grasslands: Options and Limitations of Nature Conservation Efforts in Cities" was sponsored by AE HUB
- ECCOMAS Multibody Dynamics Conference 2021, the plenary was delivered by Dr. Gergely Röst, Department Chair of Applied and Numerical Mathematics at the University of Szeged about the first agent-based model of COVID-19 spread developed for the city of Szeged. His talk was sponsored by AE Hub





Urban sustainability: Broad key areas for cooperation

- Urban biodiversity and possibilities of its conservation
- Historical drivers, special opportunities and challenges of urban sustainability in the Visegrád countries and other parts of Central Europe;
- Possible synergies and unavoidable trade-offs while entering the era of smart cities, digital transportation systems, and clean energy;
- Organisation of thematic regional workshops and public lectures in urban sustainability;
- European-wide knowledge exchange and transfer in urban sustainability with the involvement of other AE Hubs.





We are open for joint work!



